

FIWARE's role in promoting open standards for trusted data exchange platforms

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About FIWARE



FIWARE vs FIWARE Foundation



Open source framework that allow the management of data from different provenance and data sharing across domains.

The use of FIWARE components enables the development of smart apps and AI solutions.



Not-for-profit organization to ensure that FIWARE Open Source components are aligned with standards.

As trusted organization, we support the implementation of collaborative Open Source projects



ASSETS

COMMUNITY

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Why FIWARE

- Curated Open Source components & reference architectures
 - Easily integrable components to build software platforms
 - Enables fast, cost-effective implementation of:
 - IoT-enabled smart solutions
 - Smart organizations
- Supports Open Innovation Ecosystems (Data Spaces)
 - Providers can offer services to others
 - Organizations can integrate and consume external services
- Community-Driven Standards Leadership
 - Contributes to the creation and evolution of open standards
 - Provides insights on integrating open standards
 - Ensures non-vendor locked, open standards & open source
- Active Role in Global Initiatives
 - FIWARE Community and Foundation engage in standard-setting bodies:
 - W3C, ETSI, TM Forum, IDSA, Gaia-X

FIWARE Community

FIWARE
Board of Directors

31

FIWARE Technical Steering Committee

Key Domains: AgriFood, Cities, Energy, Industry, Water





600+
Developers contributing to FIWARE

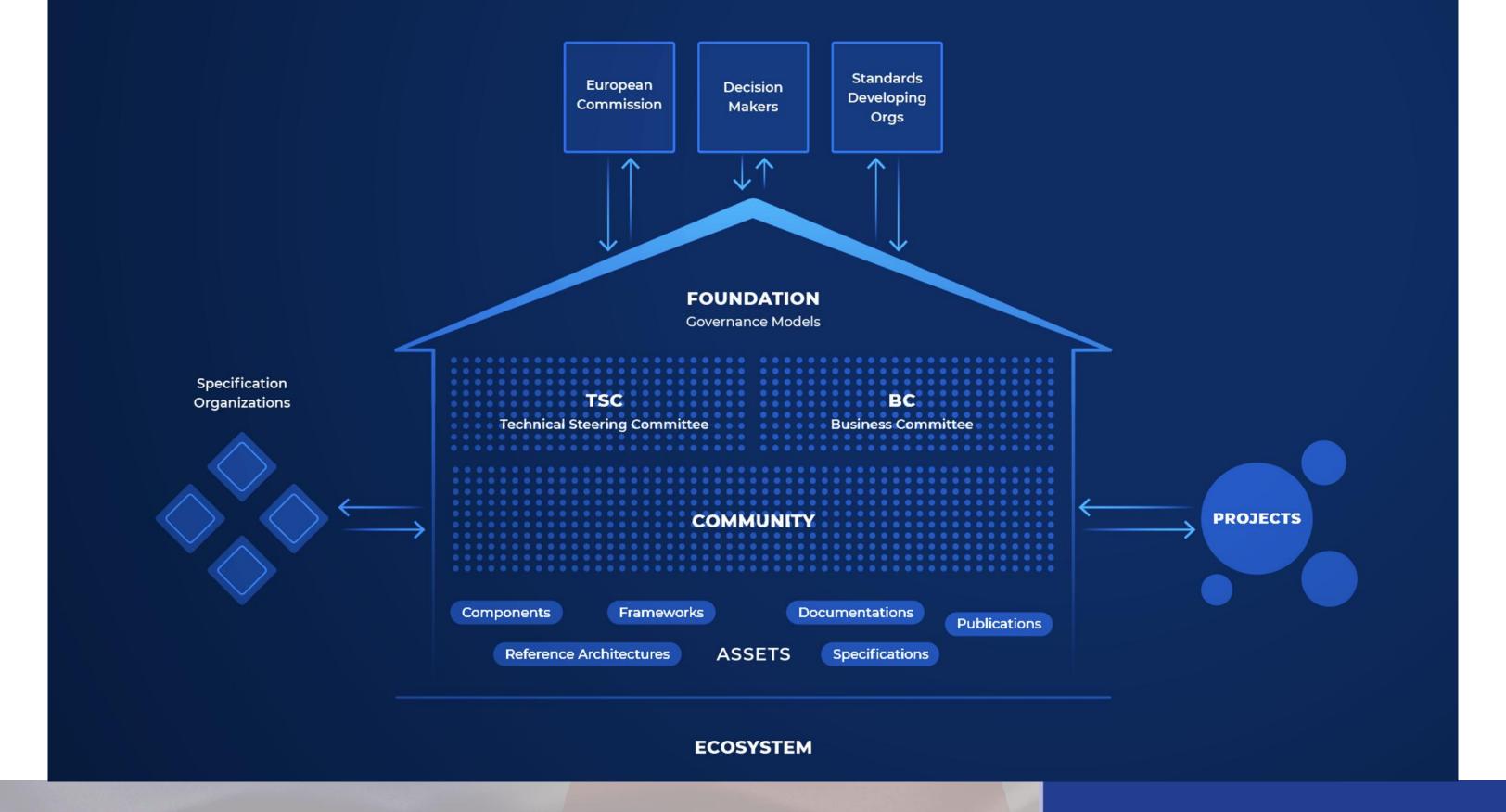


FIWARE iHubs









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Trusted Data Exchange

Elements of Trusted Data Exchange

- Data Ownership
- Data Soverignity
- Consent
- Provenance & Leniage
- Auditability & Traceability
- Trust Frameworks
- Security
- Identity & Access Management
- Interoperability

Enabling Data Exchange with Open Standards & Specifications

Trust Framework & Identity Management in Data Spaces

- Trust Framework Requirements:
 - Legal identity verification
 - Compliance with participation rules
 - Trustworthiness of credential issuers
- Decentralized IAM (Identity & Access Management):
 - Handles authentication & usage policy enforcement
 - Compatible with:
 - Gaia-X Digital Clearing Houses
 - EU DI Wallet Architecture, EBSI
 - Process of making compatible with vLEI
- W3C/OID4VC Standards-Based Framework:
 - Decentralized Identifiers (DID), Verifiable Credentials (VC)
 - Protocols: OID4VCI, OID4VP, SIOPv2
 - PEP-PDP-PIP & PRP/PAP model + ODRL for ABAC policy

Creating Value Through Interoperable Data Sharing

- Steps to Enable Data Value Creation:
 - Interoperable description of data, services, resources
 - Publication services to discover offerings
 - Contract negotiation: peer-to-peer or via marketplaces
- Verifiable Credentials:
 - Self-issued by providers linked to resource descriptions
 - Goal: align on specs across data space ecosystems
- Data Discovery & Integration:
 - Use DCAT v3 for catalogs (connectors or brokers)
 - TM Forum APIs support offerings & contract flows
 - Marketplace integration through DOME

Interoperability & Common Standards for Data Exchange

- Service Endpoint Clarity:
 - Data consumers should access services at known, predictable endpoints
 - Enables trustless interaction between unknown parties
- Interoperability Levels (ISO/IEC 21823-1):
 - Transport/syntactic: Common APIs
 - Semantic: Common data models/vocabularies
- Recommended Standards & Tools:
 - NGSI-LD: Digital twin data exchange
 - Dataspace Connector Protocols: Data control
 - Smart Data Models Initiative: Maps models to JSON, JSON-LD, etc.
 - Observability of data sharing to be addressed in future versions

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



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